# A New Mobile Application for Encrypting SMS/Multimedia Messages on Android

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**ABSTRACT:** Mobile communication devices have become popular tools for communicating among people. This paper is a launcher for sending/receiving secured SMS/Multimedia files using Blowfish algorithm. A smart mobile application on android platform is introduced as an application that helps the user to encrypt the message (SMS/Multimedia files) before it is transmitted over the mobile network. The new idea of the program is to transmit encrypted messages and multimedia files or any other type of files via mobile networks or the internet as an alternative mean. Utilizing the internet takes place through a secured hosting website with a user name and password integrated in the program. To maintain intensive security, a private key encrypts the files and another private key encrypts file name. The transferring media is maintained online in the absence of mobile network coverage.

Keywords: Mobile Communication Devices, Secure SMS, Cryptography, SMS Encryption, Blowfish

Received: 10 November 2013, Revised 25 November 2013, Accepted 3 December 2013

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#### 1. Introduction

Mobile communication devices [1] have become commonplace during the past few years, integrating multiple wireless networking technologies to support additional functionality and services. One of the most important developments that have emerged from communications technology is SMS [2]. They are designed as part of Global System for Mobile communications (GSM) [3]. Banks worldwide are using SMS to conduct some of their banking services [4]. For example, clients are able to query their bank balances via SMS or conduct mobile payments. In addition, people sometimes exchange confidential information such as passwords or sensitive data amongst each other [5]. SMS technology suffers from some risks such as vulnerabilities, eavesdroppers and unauthorized access [6]. Therefore, we need to secure SMS messages and keep their contents private, without increasing their size. This paper provides a solution to this SMS security problem. Our approach is to secure the SMS/ Multimedia message using an encryption (Blowfish) system [7]. The proposed technique encrypts SMS with 16-round Feistel cipher and uses large key-dependent S-boxes.

Section 2: Gives an overview of Short Message Service (SMS)

Section 3: Provides some details of Blowfish algorithm

Section 4: Simulation of program screens

Section 5: Conclusion

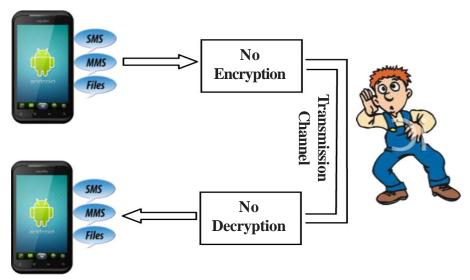


Figure 1. Send SMS/MMS/Files via network normally

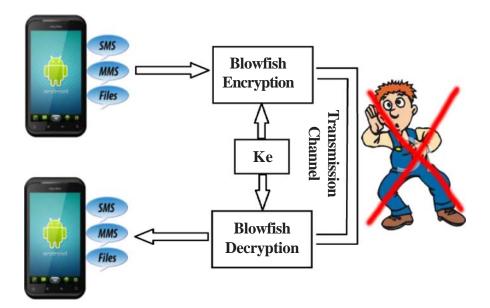


Figure 2 Send SMS/MMS/Files via network with Encryption

Figure (1) shows the normal way to send text messages or multimedia files over mobile phone networks, which exposes them to eavesdropping operations and overhearing of information.

Figure (2) the method proposed here is to encrypt the data before sending it over the mobile phone networks, whenever is the encrypted data among the transmission channel is vulnerable. Hence, the receiver can attain authenticated data after decrypting it.

# 2. Short Message Service (SMS)

SMS is a communication service standardized in the GSM mobile communication systems [8]. It can be sent and received simultaneously with GSM voice, data and fax calls. This is possible because whereas voice, data and fax calls take over a dedicated radio channel for the duration of the call, short messages travel over and above the radio channel using the signaling path [9].

SMS contains some meta-data [10]:

- Information about the senders (Service center number, sender number)
- Protocol information (Protocol identifier, Data coding scheme)
- Timestamp

## 3. Some Details of Blowfish Algorithm

#### **3.1 Introduction**

An encryption algorithm [11] plays an important role in securing the data while storing or transferring it. The encryption algorithms are categorized into Symmetric (secret) and Asymmetric (public) keys encryption [12].

• In Symmetric key encryption or private key encryption, only one key is used for both encryption and decryption of data. For example Data encryption standard (DES), Triple DES, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) and Blowfish Encryption Algorithm [13].

• In asymmetric key encryption or public key encryption uses two keys, one for encryption and another for decryption. For example RSA [14].

### 3.2 Blowfish Encryption Algorithm

Blowfish [15] is a 64-bit cipher and its key length extended from 32 bits to 448 bits, it has 16 rounds and uses large key-dependent S-boxes.

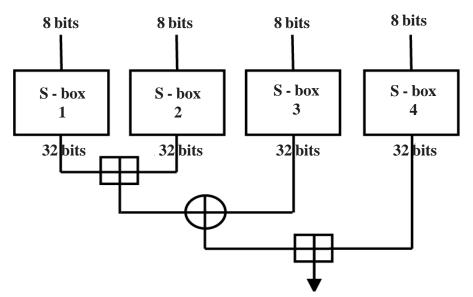


Figure 3. Substitution box of Blowfish

The diagram [16] in figure (3) shows a Function that uses four arrays  $S_1, ..., S_4$  derived from the encryption key. Each array contains 32-bit words. The arrays act as substitution boxes or *S*- *boxes* [17], replacing an 8-bit input with a 32-bit output. *F* splits its 32-bit input into four 8-bit bytes. It replaces each byte by the contents of an S - box, and combines the results as follows [18]:

letting  $\boxplus$  signify additional modulo  $2^{32}$ 

 $F(a, b, c, d) = ((s_1[a] \boxplus s_2[b]) \oplus s_3[c]) \boxplus s_4[d]$ 

The diagram [19] in figure (4) shows Blowfish's F - function. It follows the Feistel network . This algorithm is divided into two parts.

#### 3.2.1 Key-expansion [20]

Key is converted from 448 bits to several sub - key arrays totaling 4168 bytes. The keys are generated before data encryption or

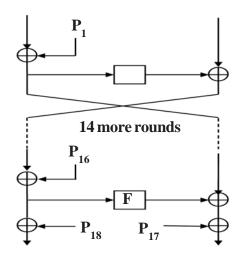


Figure 4. F - function Blowfish

decryption.

The *p* - *array* consists of 18, 32 - bit sub-keys:  $P_1, P_2, \dots, P_{18}$ 

Four 32-bit S-Boxes consist of 256 entries each:

$$\begin{split} S_1, 0, S_1, 1, \dots, S_1, 255 \\ S_2, 0, S_2, 1, \dots, S_2, 255 \\ S_3, 0, S_3, 1, \dots, S_3, 255 \\ S_4, 0, S_4, 1, \dots, S_4, 255 \end{split}$$

In total, 521 iterations are required to generate all required sub-keys [21].

#### 3.2.2 Data Encryption [22]

In this function, there are 16 rounds. Each round consists of a key-dependent permutation and a key and data-dependent substitution. All operations are *XORs* and additions on 32-bit words. The only additional operations are four indexed array data lookup tables for each round [23].

#### 4. Simulation of Results and Interface

Figure (5) shows the first screen in the application which has three buttons, the first button is used for encrypting and decrypting text messages, the second one is for encrypting and decrypting all files types on the mobile, the third is used for uploading or download files via Internet.



Figure 5 First screen of Blowfish program



Figure 6. Main screen of encrypt/decrypt SMS

Figure (6) shows how to encrypt or decrypt text messages. Encrypting text by inserting private key into first textbox then the message inserted to second textbox, when pressing the "*Encrypt*" button, the result cipher text displayed in third textbox.

Decryption cipher text by inserting private key into first textbox, when pressing "*Get Inbox SMS*" button then the program opens the SMS inbox of the smart phone and picking out the income cipher message, it returns in the second textbox, when pressing the "*Decrypt*" button the result decrypted text message displayed in the third textbox.

Figure (7) shows how to encrypt or decrypt multimedia or any type of files.

Encrypting files by inserting private key in the first textbox then when pressing the "*Get Files*" button, the program explores the mobile phone files and picks the file, its name and path returns in the second textbox, when pressing the "*Encrypt*" button, the encryption process starts, then the encrypted file name and path will be displayed in the third textbox.

Decrypting files by inserting private key into first textbox then when pressing the "*Get Files*" button, the program explore the mobile phone files and picks the encrypted file, its name and path returns in the second textbox, when pressing the "*Decrypt*" button, the decryption process starts, then the decrypted file name and path will be displayed in the third textbox.

Figure (8) shows alternative way to upload/download files to a secured website with a username and password within the program to maintain more security so that the user has nothing to do with this information.

Uploading encrypted files: by pressing the "*Get File*" button, the program explores the mobile phone files and picks the file, its name and path returns in the first textbox, then when pressing the "*Upload File*", the program uploads the file to a secured website on the internet. When uploading completed, a notification message appears.

For high strength in the complexity of encryption, press the "Send File Name to SMS Encryption" button, as a result of that the

		74 90	sil.	7	9:00
My Activity					
	Get Files				
Insert Key					
1					
Input File					
Output File					
	Encrypt				
	Decrypt				

Figure 7. Main screen of encrypt/decrypt File

9:00				
MyActivity				
Get Files				
File Name				
Downlaod File				
Downlaod File				
Downlaod File Upload File				

Figure 8. Alternative way to upload/download encrypted file

"Download File" button, the program will download the file from the secured website on the internet, and then when downloading process is completed, a confirming message appears.

# Sample of Encrypting Plain Text to Ciphertext Example:

Figure (9) shows input text "Encrypted SMS by Blowfish" and private key "123"

🖁 📹 💈 10:23
My Activity
Insert Key
123
Insert Plain Text
Encrypted SMS by Blowfish
Encrypted / Decrypted
Encrypt
Figure 9. Input text
🖁 📶 💈 10:35
My Activity
Insert Key
123
Insert Plain Text
MSms by Blowfish
Encrypted / Decrypted Text
?NK??r??- w???? \$- }- 8? A?O??
Encrypt

Figure 10. Output of cipher text

Figure (10) shows Cipher text as a result by pressing the "Encrypt" button, the result appears in the third text box.

# 5. Conclusion

In this paper, the importance of encrypting data in practical life is discussed, as the number of intruders, and spying attempts on private messages have recently been increased. Thus, it is mandatory to think of new ways to overcome this problem as designing a program with a simple user interface that encodes, by certain code keys, the text messages, image, voice, video files,

and sends them via mobile networks. Two ways have been considered to send a message from one mobile to another; the first, the program sends messages via GSM networks as text messages or multi - media ones, the second, by connecting the mobile to internet through the mobile network or a wireless internet network, where the program uploads the files to a specific file hosting site that requires a user name and a pass word already created and hidden, to maintain more security, in the program. The receiver using the same program will be able to download the files. It is clear that alternative communicating means are considered to overcome weakness or losing mobile network signals and shifting to internet connections, for instance.

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