Book Review

Reversible Digital Watermarking: Theory and Practices Ruchira Naskar and Rajat Subhra Chakraborty
Synthesis Lectures in Information Security, Privacy and Trust
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This book has six chapters with many tables and figures and bibliography.

The first chapter on Introduction provides a focus on Digital Watermarking initially followed by a brief basic remark on Reversible digital watermarking which is a fragile and robust watermarking technique. The reversible watermarking is explained with a simple workflow chart.

In the next chapter, the authors using two major case studies in medical imaging and military imaging have proved that the adoption of reversible watermarking can lead to the reduction of deterioration of diagnosis accuracy in medical imaging and lower residual error rate in military imaging. These two case studies resemble with a research paper on it.

The review of the several available watermarking techniques is outlined in the third chapter. The authors have modified the Feng et al's three way classification of the techniques to present the review; however the background for such modification is not detailed. The five techniques, viz., Different Expansion, Data Compression, Histogram-Bin-Shifting, Pixel Prediction and Modification of Frequency Domain Characteristic are presented with description of strong algorithms associated with the techniques. The review is thus detail the algorithms rather than techniques as a whole.

The enumerated algorithms in the previous chapter are now detailed with example in the next chapter. Reversible watermarking extensively depends on the analysis of high spatial correlation among neighboring pixels. This unit presents exclusive pixel analysis based on pixel prediction reversible watermarking algorithms. The embedding, extraction and the experimentations are outlined in the current unit. Embedding results and values are presented to know the accurate results.

Even the reversible water marking has benefits, it also leads to many difficulties while implementation. The challenges in implementation are addressed in the fifth chapter. Reversible watermarking operates based on well defined algorithms. While algorithms are analyzed for implementation the run time issues are discussed in this chapter basically followed by the description of the flow chart and operational features.

In the last chapter the authors have discussed the performance improvement of the techniques by detailing the tamper localization property. The procedures coupled with empirical data constitute this chapter. The authors also provide a signal that the reversible watermarking techniques are prone to security threats. The last part of the book is a moderate bibliography of related publications.

Even the book is brief in its content, it introduces unique approaches which are normally unavailable in other documents.

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Book Review

Graph Mining Laws, Tools and Case Studies

Deepayan Chakrabarti Christos Faloutsos Synthesis Lectures on Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2014

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Graphs in millions appear in a wide range of computational domains.

The graph nodes and the links exceed several billions and their analyses thus become more pertinent in computational analysis. Realizing this potential the authors Deepayan Chakrabarti and Christos Faloutsos came up with an extensive synthesis note on mining graphs. The growing literature on it reflects such requirements.

Twenty one chapters in four parts constitute the compendium of the contributions by the authors. The first part on Patterns and Laws begins with a pesenatation about the ground reality on 'real nodes and links'. Despite the fact that existing networks have more numbers, the really existing and used ones are less which calls for a relevance with Zipf' law. The power laws related to the distributions with computational issues and real life examples are presented in a chapter in the first part. Citing is the basic premise in link and network building. In the chapter on Patterns in Evolving graphs, the authors have studied the patterns the systems connecting each others.

The connected graphs change over time and the weighing enables to measure distributions and behaviour. The chapter on Patterns on Weighted Graphs provide laws on datasets and weight power laws.

Using degree distribution as illustration, the authors in the next chapter, have estimated the slope of power law by computing the power-law exponent. They have shown accurately the measurement of deviations from power laws. The summary of patterns presented by them in the last chapter of the first part clearly documented the skewed distribution in power law estimation, with further observations of shrinking diameter and higher number of triangles.

The Part II starts with a basic background discussion on graph generators where the authors have viewed that the graph generators can lead to gain understanding and insight on graph creation by expressing the processes providing the development of the patterns. The taxonomy of graph generation models is detailed with literature support. In the chapter 9, the authors have discussed the growth of preferential attachment models extensively. The geographical constraints have impact on real graphs where the random graph and preferential models have neglected, the authors claim. These models are listed and discussed about the incorporation of the geographical information in the chapter on Incorporating Geographical Information. Besides the comparison studies are also addressed.

Through the help of the *RMat* generator the authors have balanced three issues, viz., model parameters, realism and efficiency. The RMat generated graphs are discussed by them with the different structures. In the twelfth chapter on Graph Generation by Kronecker Multiplication, the authors have provided a brief description to offset the unequal distribution of adjacency matrix followed by a summary in the next chapter.

The chapter 14 is a review of the tools and tensors. It is intended mainly to address the Singular value decomposition and the page rank arithmetic. The tensors are expressed in the later chapter. A specifically designed chapter on case studies on subgraphs. The last part is occupied by related work and the bibliography of the literature forms the end of the book.

The book is technical in nature and explains many intricacies with adequate examples about the graph mining.

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