
Journal of E-Technology Volume 6 Number 4 November 2015

Contents

Editorial

i

Research

The Missing Element of Knowledge Management: Social Computing - Imran Khan , Abel Usoro , Sage Lal	99
CRM Mode Selecting for SMEs Based on Group Analytic Hierarchy Process and Fuzzy Comprehensive Evaluation- Wang Shengjin	110
A Load Balancing Method based on Prediction and Dynamic Feedback- Hongjian Li , Yusheng Dou, Hong Tang , Glenn. V. Lo	115
Book Review	123
Conference Notification	124
• First International Conference on Real Time Intelligent Systems (RTIS 2016) Taiyuan, China	
• The Seventh International Conference on the Applications of Digital Information and Web Technologies (ICADIWT 2016)	
• Fifth International Conference on the Future Generation Communication Technologies (FGCT 2016)	
• Sixth International Conference on Innovating Computing Technology (INTECH 2016)	

Editorial

We are pleased to release the last issue of the sixth volume of the **Journal of E-Technology**.

Social Computing can contribute to the growth of Knowledge Management. It is the contention of the authors *Imran Khan Abel Usoro* and *Sage Lal* who analyzed the knowledge management practices in the paper on "**The Missing Element of Knowledge Management: Social Computing**". They have investigated the practices *where in KM the tools of social computing can be utilised*.

In the next paper using group analytic hierarchy process and fuzzy comprehensive evaluation, the author Wang Shengjin has presented a new selecting method of customer relationship management for Small and Medium Enterprises. He proposed the method of CRM mode selection combining with fuzzy comprehensive evaluation. The author has viewed that it helped SMEs to establish a scientific concept CRM mode selection.

In the last paper on "**A Load Balancing Method based on Prediction and Dynamic Feedback**", the authors *Hongjian Li*, *Yusheng Dou*, *Hong Tang*, and *Glenn Lo* have developed a dynamic load balancing method with a prediction and dynamic feedback in order to improve the parallel efficiency in dynamic systems. They have introduced an algorithm which in the experiments showed significantly better adaptability and scalability compared to one that employs a static period feedback.

Hope the papers published contribute to the electronic technology by various means.

Editors