## Editorial

We bring the third issue of the fourteenth volume of the **Journal of Multimedia Processing and Technologies** with the below-described papers.

In the first paper on **"The potential of Free Space Optics for multimedia content transfer",** the authors used Free Space Optics to have capabilities for the transfer of multimedia content optical wireless communication has the potential to be used with features such as realization speed and flow. Cost reduction is possible by using microwaves, telecommunication networks and optical network technologies so that all large, medium and small organisations benefit from them.

In the second paper on **"Employing multimedia content networks for English teaching systems,"** The authors used methods based on genetic algorithms and multimedia technology to analyze the English learning process in a network environment and develop a teaching plan more aligned with students' needs. The proposed model can completely use issues like the students' learning styles and cognitive levels and adopt various teaching strategies, such as situational and cooperative learning. The authors found that this teaching model improved students' English proficiency and cultivated their autonomous and cooperative learning abilities.

In the last paper **"Experiments with offline visual processing modules for learning networks",** the authors studied the visual processing module of table tennis using an offline learning network model. It is found that the offline learning network models have higher accuracy and efficiency. Summarized the advantages and disadvantages of visual processing module analysis for table tennis using an offline learning network model. Offline learning network models can automatically extract features, reduce manual intervention, and improve processing efficiency.

These papers contribute to the progress of Multimedia Technologies research.

## Editors

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